GW + BSE calculation of RIXS spectra by the all-electron mixed basis program, TOMBO

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The initial state of X-ray emission spectroscopy (XES) and resonant inelastic X-ray emission spectroscopy (RIXS) is a highly excited eigenstate with a deep core hole after the X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) and X-ray photoabsorption spectroscopy (XAS) processes, so that the XES and RIXS calculation offers a good example of extended quasiparticle theory (EQPT) [1] associated with many-body perturbation theory. Moreover, to overcome the basis set incompleteness problem, we adopt the allelectron mixed basis program, TOMBO, which uses both plane waves and numerical atomic orbitals as basis functions. We have successfully applied this approach in our previous XES [2] study. Here we applied the standard oneshot GW + Bethe--Salpeter equation (BSE) approach in MBPT to this problem on the basis of EQPT and analyze XES and RIXS energies for CH₄, NH₃, H₂O, and CH₃OH molecules.

Figure 1 shows the RIXS spectra of a CH₃OH molecule calculated by our method together with the experimental data [3]. Both results coincides very well without introducing any empirical fitting parameter.

Moreover, according to extended Kohn-Sham



Fig. 1: Calculated (above) and experimental [3] (below) RIXS spectra of a CH₃OH molecule.

theory [4], we gave a justification and comment of applying the method relying on time-dependent density functional theory as well as the one-shot GW + BSE approach to this problem.

References

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